Assurance of Student Learning 2018-2019					
PCAL	English				
English For Secondary Teaching – Reference 561					

Use this pag	e to list learning outcomes, measurements, and summarize results for your program. Detailed informa in the subsequent pages.	ition must b	e completed
Student Lear	ning Outcome 1: Analyze the formal structure of a text under consideration		
Instrument 1	Direct: Analysis of sample writing from Capstone course		
Instrument 2	Indirect: Exit Interview		
Instrument 3			
Based on your	results, circle or highlight whether the program met the goal Student Learning Outcome 1.	Met	Not Met
Student Lear	ning Outcome 2: Use textual evidence to build an interpretation		
Instrument 1	Direct: Analysis of sample writing from Capstone Course		
Instrument 2	Indirect: Exit Interview		
Instrument 3			
Based on your	results, circle or highlight whether the program met the goal Student Learning Outcome 2.	Met	Not Met
Student Lean	ning Outcome 3: Demonstrate an understanding of close reading		
Instrument 1	Direct: Analysis of sample writing from Capstone Course		
Instrument 2	Indirect: Exit Interview		
Instrument 3			
Based on your	results, circle or highlight whether the program met the goal Student Learning Outcome 3.	Met	Not Met
Program Sur	nmary (Briefly summarize the action and follow up items from your detailed responses on subsequent pages.)	1	1
We evaluated th	e same three SLOs for EST as we did for the English major. Overall, we met or exceeded two of our three SLOs, all of which fa	all under the la	arger heading o

We evaluated the same three SLOs for EST as we did for the English major. Overall, we met or exceeded two of our three SLOs, all of which fall under the larger heading of Close Reading – a skill in which we want all English majors (regardless of individual concentration) to excel. Plans to address the outcome we failed to meet are outlined below. The sample of EST students is quite small (n=9), and though the results were quite similar to the English major (n=32), the data from this small total is not as meaningful (for instance one student sample failed two of the SLOs representing 11% of the total). It is difficult to know if this is one outlying sample or if we should expect 10% of EST students to fail regularly). Part of the reason that we measured the same SLOs in English and EST is that those students take the same Capstone course (ENG 416). The department will have conversations in 2020 about whether EST would benefit from a separate Capstone experience.

Student Learning Outcome	A polyzo the f	Student Learning O				
5						
Measurement Instrument 1	(ENG 416). Thi	s learning outcome falls under the depar	or this learning outcome were gathered from the tment's larger goal in this cycle of assessment to capstone course assigned student writing that ad	evaluate the a	bility of	
Criteria for Student Success	 Students at the Capstone level should be able to successfully analyze not only the content of a document but also its formal style and structure, in particular to demonstrate how content and form work together to produce meaning. Student learning across the major v shown if 70% or more of students average 2.5 or higher from three faculty reviewers, indicating that they have not only "passed" the but shown good or excellent analysis. No student at this stage (senior capstone level) should fail this measurement. 					
Program Success Target for this		surement 70% higher than 2.5, none at 1.0 Percent of Program Achieving Target 66 % score			red above 2.5; 1 iled /scored at 1 (11%).	
Methods			g sample appropriate for this learning outcome. Eac embers on the following scale (additional rubric gui			
Based on your results, circle or	highlight whether	the program met the goal Student Learn	ning Outcome 1.	Met	Not Met	
Actions (Describe the decision-m	aking process and	actions planned for program improvement.	The actions should include a timeline.)			
We came close enough to meeting score for all 41 student writing same	this target that we mples (combining) ude several resource	feel that we can move on to focus on a diffe English and EST) was 2.7, up from 2.48 (n=	erent SLO in 2019-20. Evidence of improvement con 44) in 2017-18. In addition, the resources we gathe lysis, which faculty have been applying in courses	red on the facul	ty professiona	

Follow-Up (Provide your timeline for follow-up. If follow-up has occurred, describe how the actions above have resulted in program improvement.)

As indicated above the overall average score has improved. The department continues to have conversations about how formal analysis may differ within our disciplinary concentrations (literature, professional writing, and creative writing), but we are committed to emphasizing this SLO for ALL English majors. The department will devote one meeting in the fall of 2020 to discuss the results of this assessment and how to continue to implement this SLO across the curriculum.

		Student Learning O	itcome 2		
Student Learning Outcome	Use textual e	vidence to build an interpretation			
Measurement Instrument 1	Direct Measure: Student writing samples appropriate for this learning outcome were gathered from the EST Capstone Course (ENG 416). This learning outcome falls under the department's larger goal in this cycle of assessment to evaluate the ability of students to closely read texts (broadly defined), and the capstone course assigned student writing that addressed this goal. Students at the Capstone level should be able to successfully analyze not only the content of a document but also its formal style and structure, in particular to demonstrate how content and form work together to produce meaning. Student learning across the major will be shown if 70% or more of students average 2.5 or higher from three faculty reviewers, indicating that they have not only "passed" this SLO but shown good or excellent analysis. No student at this stage (senior capstone level) should fail this measurement.				
Criteria for Student Success					
Program Success Target for this		70% higher than 2.5, none at 1.0	Percent of Program Achieving Target		
			g sample appropriate for this learning outcome. Each mbers on the following scale (additional rubric guid		
Based on your results, circle or	highlight whether	the program met the goal Student Learn	ing Outcome 2.	Met	<mark>Not Met</mark>
Actions (Describe the decision-m	aking process and	actions planned for program improvement.	The actions should include a timeline.)		
and will include it again in our 20			of our goals. The department will meet (see timeline	e below) to add	uress tills 1880
Spring 2020: Discuss the results of Spring 2020: Using LEAP and or interpretation. August 2020: Breakout session at	of the assessment o ar existing departn departmental retre	f this SLO at a department meeting dedicate	lements of student writing that need improvement attend into the curriculum		to building a

		Student Learning Outco	ome 3		
Student Learning Outcome	Demonstrate	an understanding of close reading			
Measurement Instrument 1	Direct Measure: Student writing samples appropriate for this learning outcome were gathered from the EST Capstone Course (ENG 416). This learning outcome falls under the department's larger goal in this cycle of assessment to evaluate the ability of students to closely read texts (broadly defined), and each capstone course assigned student writing that addressed this goal.				
Criteria for Student Success	Students at the Capstone level should be able to successfully analyze not only the content of a document but also its formal style and structure, in particular to demonstrate how content and form work together to produce meaning. Student learning across the major will be shown if 70% or more of students average 2.5 or higher from three faculty reviewers, indicating that they have not only "passed" this SLO but shown good or excellent analysis. No student at this stage (senior capstone level) should fail this measurement.				
Program Success Target for this Measuremen		70% higher than 2.5, none at 1.0	Percent of Program Achieving Target	77% scored higher than 2.5, 0 scored 1.0.	
Methods	 9 students from the EST capstone course submitted a writing sample appropriate for this learning outcome. Each sample was made anonymous and evaluated independently by three faculty members on the following scale (additional rubric guidelines attached): 4 = Excellent 3 = Good 2 = Pass 1 = Poor/Fail 				
Based on your results, circle or highlight whether the program met the goal Student Learning Outcome 3. Met Not 1					Not Met
We met our criteria for student	success, and will	actions planned for program improvement. The I not include it in our next round of assessme lagogical resources on close reading in the dep	ent. However, it is closely related to other Sl		those we will
Follow-Up (Provide your timeline for follow-up. If follow-up has occurred, describe how the actions above have resulted in program improvement.)					
N/A					

Assessment Rubric: Student Learning Outcomes 1-3 – English major and English For Secondary Teaching Major

COMMON FEATURES OF ESPECIALLY GOOD CLOSE READING IN STUDENT WRITING

- Accuracy reporting source evidence
- Interpreting and contextualizing evidence and reading new questions into it
- Putting sources in conversations
- Finding patterns across sources
- Strong logic and recognizing where assumptions needed evidence and logic for support
- Ability to concisely summarize & paraphrase, in addition to quoting.
- Multiple well-chosen short quotes that supports one claim—multiple sources
- Writer engages with quotations
- Textual material brought in to support an argument (not simply appreciation)
- Writing reflects the reading process: showing how the student has moved from a surface understanding of the text to a deeper understanding
- Creativity in interpretation and argument supported by evidence
- Raising questions about the text(s), not just providing answers

COMMON FEATURES OF WEAK CLOSE READING

- Relying heavily on generalizations or assumptions
- Lack of specific evidence or full evidence to support claims
- Shoddy logic
- Lack of articulating what textual sources were included and WHY
- Over-reliance on one source or one element of source(s) ("selective" reading rather than close reading)
- Limited or partial understanding of the text(s) or source(s)
- No indication of what is at stake; why interpreting this text is important
- Lack of argument (too descriptive and/or evaluative)
- Repeats well-worn and obvious reading of text(s)